

May 14, 2012

VIA ELECTRONIC FILING

David L. Furth
Acting Bureau Chief
Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau
Federal Communications Commission
445 12th Street, S.W.
Washington, DC 20554

**RE: Certification of Completion of Band Reconfiguration in NPSPAC Region 26:
Nebraska**

Dear Mr. Furth:

In its *800 MHz Report and Order*, the Federal Communications Commission (“FCC”) required the 800 MHz Transition Administrator, LLC (“TA”) to “certify that band reconfiguration in a particular NPSPAC region is complete.”¹ Section 90.676(b)(6) of the FCC’s rules requires the TA to “[n]otify the Commission when band reconfiguration is complete in each 800 MHz NPSPAC Region and identify which vacant channels are exclusively available to eligible applicants in the Public Safety or Critical Infrastructure Industry Categories.”² Pursuant to Section 90.676(b)(6), the TA hereby certifies that band reconfiguration is complete in NPSPAC Region 26: Nebraska.

Methodology

For purposes of this certification, band reconfiguration in a region is complete when all licensees in the region that were subject to reconfiguration have relocated to their new frequencies and ceased operations on their old frequencies. The TA verifies that all licensees have relocated off of their old frequencies by confirming that all frequencies in all 800 MHz sub-bands (*i.e.*, NPSPAC, Interleaved, Expansion, Guard, ESMR bands) have been cleared of all incumbent licensees required to relocate during band reconfiguration. When all frequencies in all 800 MHz sub-bands in the region have been cleared, band reconfiguration in that region is complete.

The TA evaluates clearing by reviewing licensing records in the FCC’s Universal Licensing System (“ULS”). The TA considers a frequency in a particular NPSPAC region as cleared when all licensees required to relocate off that frequency during band reconfiguration have ceased operations on that frequency and have modified their licenses to delete that frequency or cancelled their licenses in ULS, and the modification of their licenses to delete that frequency or the cancellation of their licenses in ULS has become a final action under the FCC’s rules.

¹ Improving Public Safety Communications in the 800 MHz Band, WT Docket No. 02-55, *Report and Order, Fifth Report and Order, Fourth Memorandum Opinion and Order, and Order*, 19 FCC Rcd 14969, 15067 ¶ 183 (2004) (“*800 MHz Report and Order*”).

² 47 C.F.R. § 90.676(b)(6).

Please note that licensees that have cleared their old frequencies may not have completed a second (or subsequent) touch of their subscriber units to remove the pre-rebanding channels. Furthermore, licensees may still need to submit final rebanding cost documentation to Sprint Nextel and/or the TA, complete the actual cost reconciliation process, or close their FRAs.

Certification

In making this certification, the TA has assumed, without verification: (a) the accuracy and veracity of information and statements contained in the documents that the TA reviewed, including electronic databases, and (b) the conformity to originals of all copies of documents, including electronic databases reviewed by the TA, and the authenticity of the originals of such copies. The TA has also limited its review to records and data available to it as of the date of this filing.

Subject to the foregoing, the TA hereby certifies that band reconfiguration is complete in NPSPAC Region 26: Nebraska.³ All licensees in NPSPAC Region 26 that were subject to reconfiguration have relocated to their new frequencies and have modified their FCC licenses to delete their old frequencies or have cancelled their licenses. All of the frequencies in all 800 MHz sub-bands in the region that were subject to reconfiguration have been cleared. In addition, the TA consulted with the FCC to determine if there were any pending license applications that might conflict with clearing and none were found.

Vacant Channels

The FCC's 800 MHz Orders provide that spectrum in the lower portion of the 800 MHz band that is vacated by ESMR licensees or by licensees relocating to the Guard Band will be exclusively available to Public Safety for the first three years following the completion of band reconfiguration of a NPSPAC region and to Public Safety and Critical Infrastructure Industry ("CII") eligibles for the following two years.⁴ Section 90.676(b)(6) of the FCC's rules requires the TA to identify these channels.

The FCC has created an 800 MHz Vacated Channel Search Engine ("VCSE") that identifies 800 MHz channels in the Interleaved Band (809-815/854-860 MHz) that have been relinquished by Sprint Nextel as part of reconfiguration.⁵ Information about the channels relinquished by Sprint Nextel in NPSPAC Region 26 that are exclusively available to eligible applicants in the Public Safety or CII Categories is available in the VCSE.

³ The *800 MHz Report and Order* stated that the TA would evaluate the sum remaining available under the letter of credit as part of the process for certifying that band reconfiguration in a region is complete. See *800 MHz Report and Order*, 19 FCC Rcd at 15067 ¶ 183. The TA reviews the letter of credit on a quarterly basis in view of the programmatic obligations satisfied by Sprint Nextel and is not evaluating it herein.

⁴ See *800 MHz Report and Order*, 19 FCC Rcd at 15052 ¶ 152; see *Improving Public Safety Communications in the 800 MHz Band*, WT Docket 02-55, *Supplemental Order and Order on Reconsideration*, 19 FCC Rcd 25120, 25145 ¶ 58 (2004).

⁵ The VCSE is available at <http://wireless2.fcc.gov/UlsApp/UlsSearch/searchLicense.jsp>



The Official Reconfiguration Manager

Information about channels vacated by other ESMR licensees reconfiguring channels out of the Interleaved Band or by licensees reconfiguring to the Guard Band that are exclusively available to eligible applicants in the Public Safety or CII Categories is available in Schedule A.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Brett S. Haan".

Brett Haan
800 MHz Transition Administrator, LLC

cc: Michael Wilhelm, Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau

Schedule A

Identification of Vacant Channels Exclusively Available to Eligible Applicants in the Public Safety or Critical Infrastructure Industry Categories

Information about the channels relinquished by Sprint Nextel in NPSPAC Region 26: Nebraska that are exclusively available to eligible applicants in the Public Safety or CII Categories is available in the VCSE at <http://wireless2.fcc.gov/UlsApp/UlsSearch/searchLicense.jsp>.

The following channels in NPSPAC Region 26, which were vacated by other ESMR licensees reconfiguring channels out of the Interleaved Band or by licensees reconfiguring to the Guard Band, are exclusively available to eligible applicants in the Public Safety or CII Categories:

None